

1. True (A) or false (B):
Three conditions, namely non-pregnancy-related infections, obstetric haemorrhage and complications of hypertension in pregnancy, comprise 66.7% of the possibly and probably preventable maternal deaths in South Africa.
2. True (A) or false (B):
The development of maternity waiting homes is a mechanism of ensuring 24-hour access to emergency obstetric care.
3. True (A) or false (B):
Confidentiality is not essential in confidential enquiries into maternal deaths.
4. True (A) or false (B):
A national confidential enquiry into maternal deaths saves lives by identifying themes that are not obvious in local or hospital-based enquiries.
5. True (A) or false (B):
Deaths attributed to HIV are well documented on death certificates.
6. True (A) or false (B):
The Health Data Advisory and Co-ordinating Committee (HDACC) recommended basing the indicator of maternal mortality for monitoring the progress under the Health Minister's Negotiation Service Delivery Agreement (NSDA) on the vital registration data adjusted for under-registration and misclassification of causes.
7. True (A) or false (B):
Vital registration data on maternal deaths have indicated that South Africa has managed to reverse the upward trend in maternal deaths.
8. True (A) or false (B):
Among 15 - 24-year-old South African women, 65% of pregnancies were premarital and unplanned.
9. True (A) or false (B):
Contraceptive use among 15 - 24-year-olds is high at over 70%.
10. True (A) or false (B):
Being HIV positive, being diagnosed with an STI in the past 12 months, having concurrent sexual partners and early sexual debut were strongly associated with using contraceptives.
11. True (A) or false (B):
Females who had been pregnant were three times less likely and males who reported making someone pregnant were twice less likely to be using contraceptives.
12. True (A) or false (B):
Youth report easy access to condoms.
13. True (A) or false (B):
Young women participants are delaying their sexual debut.
14. True (A) or false (B):
South African youth's sexual behaviour has become less risky.
15. True (A) or false (B):
Sep-D (a simple, inexpensive device to wash sperm) gives the same sperm quality results as standard sperm washing methods.
16. True (A) or false (B):
Information from cancer statistics during the 1970s - 1980s indicates that in the USA, the cure rate of all childhood cancers combined was between 50% and 60%.
17. True (A) or false (B):
Anti-Müllerian hormone levels rise significantly during therapy.
18. True (A) or false (B):
The risk of ovarian failure increases with the age at which the chemotherapy for cancer was given.
19. True (A) or false (B):
4 Gy radiation is a sufficient dose to be lethal to the human oocyte.
20. True (A) or false (B):
Germ cell cryopreservation techniques are improving and may offer hope for fertility preservation for children and young adults requiring treatment of cancer.

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Accreditation number: MDB001/030/10/2011